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CLAIMS:

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- 1. A multi-stack optical data storage medium for recording and reading using a focused radiation beam entering through an entrance face of the medium during recording and reading, comprising:
  - a first substrate with present on a side thereof:
- a first recording stack named  $L_0$ , comprising a recordable type  $L_0$  recording layer, and formed in a first  $L_0$  guide groove, and a first reflective layer present between the  $L_0$  recording layer and the first substrate,
  - a second substrate with present on a side thereof:
  - a second recording stack named L<sub>1</sub> comprising a recordable type L<sub>1</sub>
- recording layer, said second recording stack being present at a position closer to the entrance face than the L<sub>0</sub> recording stack and formed in a second L<sub>1</sub> guide groove,
  - a transparent spacer layer sandwiched between the recording stacks, said transparent spacer layer having a thickness substantially larger than the depth of focus of the focused radiation beam,
- characterized in that the first  $L_0$  guide groove has a depth  $G_{L0} < 100$  nm.
  - 2. A multi-stack optical data storage medium according to claim 1, wherein  $G_{L0}$  < 80 nm and the first  $L_0$  guide groove has a full half maximum width  $W_{L0}$ < 350 nm.
- 3. A multi-stack optical data storage medium according to any one of claims 1 or 2, wherein  $25 \text{ nm} < G_{L0} < 40 \text{ nm}$  and the first reflective layer comprises a metal and has a thickness > 50 nm.
- 4. A multi-stack optical data storage medium according to any one of claims 1-3, wherein the recordable type L<sub>0</sub> recording layer comprises a dye and has a thickness between 70 nm and 150 nm measured on the land portion of the guide groove.
  - 5. A multi-stack optical data storage medium according to any one of claims 1-4, wherein a dielectric layer is present at a side of the  $L_0$  recording layer opposite from the side

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where the first reflective layer is present.

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- 6. A multi-stack optical data storage medium according to claim 5, wherein the dielectric layer has a thickness in the range of 5 nm 120 nm.
- 7. A multi-stack optical data storage medium according to any one of claims 1-4, wherein a second reflective layer comprising a metal is present at a side of the L<sub>0</sub> recording layer opposite from the side where the first reflective layer is present.
- 10 8. A multi-stack optical data storage medium according to claim 7, wherein the second reflective layer has a thickness in the range of 5 nm -15 nm.
  - 9. A multi-stack optical data storage medium according to claim 7 or 8, wherein the second reflective layer mainly comprises a metal selected from the group of Ag, Au, Cu, Al.
  - 10. A multi-stack optical data storage medium according to any one of claims 1-9, wherein the effective reflection level of the stacks is at least 0.18 at a radiation beam wavelength of approximately 655 nm.
  - 11. Use of an optical data storage medium as claimed in any one of the preceding claims for multi stack recording with a reflectivity level of the first recording stack  $L_0$  as such of at least 0.5 and modulation of recorded marks in the  $L_0$  recording layer of at least 0.6 at a radiation beam wavelength of approximately 655 nm.